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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 09/28/2001 Yongxia Wang 1898 4216 09/965,921 **EXAMINER** 7590 05/19/2004 Cynthia L. Foulke SERGENT, RABON A NATIONAL STARCH AND CHEMICAL COMPANY ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 10 Finderne Avenue Bridgewater, NJ 08807-0500 1711

DATE MAILED: 05/19/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	- ()- (
	09/965,921	WANG ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Rabon Sergent	1711	_
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence add	Iress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of the riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MG atute, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed nirty (30) days will be considered timely. DNTHS from the mailing date of this cor ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on $\underline{0}$	1 March 2004.		
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ T	his action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	•	• •	merits is
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 4-13</u> is/are pending in the ap	oplication.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without	drawn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 4-13</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a	accepted or b) \square objected to	by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to t	the drawing(s) be held in abeya	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor-	rection is required if the drawin	g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFI	₹ 1.121(d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attache	ed Office Action or form PT0	O-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the p 	ents have been received. ents have been received in	Application No	Stage
application from the International Bur	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies no	t received.	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)	
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ 		o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-	.152)
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	6) Other:		

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1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

2. Claims 1 and 4-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Merz et al. ('873) in view of Aoyama et al. ('219) or Fuhr et al. ('951) or Fesman ('105 or '044 or '485), each further in view of Lee ('040).

Merz et al. disclose reactive hot-melt polyurethane adhesives comprising the reaction product of polyisocyanates with polyols, in combination with thermoplastic materials, including acrylate polymers, and flame retardants. See abstract; column 2, lines 20+; column 3, lines 35+; and column 4, line 21.

3. Though the primary reference discloses that flame retardants may be used within the adhesive, the reference is silent with respect to the species of flame retardants. However, Aoyama et al., Fuhr et al., and Fesman each disclose the use of applicants' claimed flame retardants within polymeric compositions. Fuhr et al. and Fesman further disclose polyurethanes

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as being suitable polymeric species. See columns 2 and 3 within Aoyama et al. See column 2 within Fuhr et al. See column 5 within Fesman. Since it has been held that it is *prima facie* obvious to utilize a known component for its known function (<u>In re Linder</u>, 173 USPQ 356; <u>In re Dial et al.</u>, 140 USPQ 244), it would have been obvious to incorporate the flame retardants of the secondary references into the adhesive of Merz et al. Furthermore, Lee discloses at column 3, lines 58+ that the effectiveness of brominated flame retardants, such as ethylene bistetrabromophthalimide, can be increased by adding antimony oxide into the composition.

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to incorporate the additionally claimed (claims 6 and 10) flame retardants into the adhesive of Merz et al.

4. The examiner has again considered applicants' response; however, the position is maintained that the combined teachings of the relied upon references are adequate to render the instant invention *prima facie* obvious, and applicants have not provided showings of unexpected results attributable to the use of the claimed flame retardants within polyurethane hot melt adhesives to rebut the *prima facie* case of obviousness. With respect to applicants' argument concerning Aoyama et al., it is noted that while polyurethanes are not specifically recited, polyamides and polyesters are recited as being preferred; polyamides and polyesters are similar in structure to polyurethanes, and one of ordinary skill in the art would have expected that flame retardants that are effective with these disclosed polymers would also be effective when used with polyurethanes. With respect to applicants' argument concerning Fuhr et al., it is noted that applicants' claims do not require that any UL standard be met and do not exclude the presence of additional components, such as metal oxides. With respect to applicants' argument concerning the Fesman references, applicants' remarks concerning the effects of organophosphorous

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additives and blowing agents amount to unsubstantiated opinion and further fail to establish that the claimed flame retardants would not have been expected to be effective flame retardants within polyurethane compositions, including adhesives.

5. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to R. Sergent at telephone number (571) 272-1079.

R. Sergent May 16, 2004

RABON SERGENT
PRIMARY EXAMINER